of Orissa, as a result, would have to pay lesser amount of Rs. 872.85 crore under principal repayment and Rs. 1008.43 crore under lower interest payment. In addition, the debt write-off recommended by TFC is linked to reduction of revenue deficit of states for repayments due from 2005-06 to 2009-10 on the consolidated central loan, subject to laid down conditions. The above recommendations have been accepted by Government of India and detailed guidelines called 'The States' Debt Consolidation and Relief Facility (DCRF) 2005-06 to 2009-10" have been formulated and circulated to all State Governments. If Government of Orissa eliminates the revenue deficit by 2008-09, the repayment due from 2005-10 after consolidation and reschedulement amounting to Rs. 1751.29 crore may be written off subject to fulfillment of other laid down conditions by TFC.

Doubling of per capita income

2614. SHRIMATI JAMANA DEVIBARUPAL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Planning Commission has set out a road map to double per capita income by 2012 and to start with, design programme for **a** yearly 8.1 per cent GDP growth in year 2002 to 2007;

(b) if so, the main features suggested by the Planning Commission to achieve the GDP growth of 8 per cent; and

(c) the steps that are being considered in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI M.V. RAJASEKHARAN): (a) Yes, Sir. The Tenth Plan aimed at doubling of per capita income in 10 years time frame by 2012. It settled for a target growth of 8.1 percent during 2002-03 to 2006-07, start with raising it further in the subsequent five years.

(b) An eight per cent rate of growth was considered necessary for achieving the social and economic targets of the Tenth Plan. It could be achieved, *inter- alia,* by: (i) Making larger public investments in infrastructure and social sectors; (ii) Improving allocative efficiency of resources; (iii) Enacting policy Reforms with a view to creating an investor friendly environment; and (iv) Improve governance and enhance the efficiency of delivery systems. The details are given in the Tenth Five Year Plan document which has been placed before the Parliament.

(c) The Mid-Term Appraisal to the Tenth Five year Plan, as agreed to by the National Development Council in its meeting held on 27th -28th June 2005, suggested that it would not be possible to achieve the planned rate of growth of 8.1 per cent. The Mid Term Appraisal has suggested measures to raise the growth rate in the remaining period of the Tenth Plan so as to achieve an overall target of 7 per cent during the plan. The Mid Term Appraisal has identified 59 priority areas of action in agriculture, irrigation, rural development, watershed development horticulture, fertilizer pricing, food processing, energy, social sector/power, rural energy, coal, petroleum, transport, infrastructure, labour and employment, industry, governance, etc. The details are available in the Mid-Term Appraisal of Tenth Five Year Plan (2002-2007), which is available in the Parliamentary library.

Funds for education to Orissa

2615. SHRI B.J. PANDA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Orissa Government has asked for higher plan outlay for education;

(b) if so, the details of the proposal made by the State Government of Orissa; and

(c) the status of the case and the time-frame within which the State would be allocated additional funds for higher education?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI M.V. RAJASEKHARAN): (a) and (b) The Government of Orissa had proposed an outlay of Rs. 20642.46 lakh for Annual Plan 2005-06 for the Education Sector as against the approved outlay of Rs. 16137.46 lakh for Annual Plan 2004-05. For Higher Education the State Government had proposed an outlay of Rs. 7310 lakh against the approved outlay of Rs. 4560 lakh for 2004-05. The outlays proposed by the State Government for the Education Sector as a whole as well as for higher education have been approved.

(c) Does not arise.